

EHSEC

European Federation of National Maintenance Societies vzw

Hazards



Workers using hand and power tools may be exposed to these hazards:



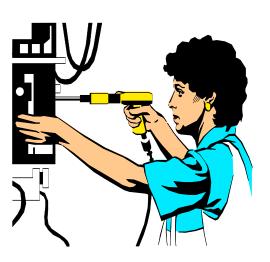
- Objects that fall, fly, are abrasive, or splash
- > Harmful dusts, fumes, mists, vapors, and gases
- Frayed or damaged electrical cords, hazardous connections and improper grounding
- Vibration and impact



Injuries from working with hand and power tools



- Electric shock
- Flash burns
- Falling
- Hand and Eye injuries
- Hearing loss
- Crushing, cuts or
- losing a body part
- Ergonomic injuries







Basic Tool Safety Rules



- Maintain regularly
- Inspect before use
- Use the right tool for the job
- Operate according to manufacturers' instructions
- Use the right Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
- Use guarding





Hand tool hazards

Hazards are usually caused by misuse Improper maintenance

Do not use

- wrenches when jaws are sprung
- impact tools (chisels and wedges) when heads have mushroomed
- tools with loose, cracked or splintered handles
- a screwdriver as a chisel
- tools with taped handles they may be hiding cracks







Hand Tools – Protection

- •Keep floor surface where working free from debris and tripping or slipping hazards
- Keep cutting tools sharp
- •Use tools as they were intended to be used



- •Use Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), such as safety glasses and gloves
- PPE determined by Job Hazard Analysis (JHA)



Power tools

Must be fitted with guards and safety switches

- Extremely hazardous when used improperly
- Different types, determined by their power source:
- > Electric
- Pneumatic
- Liquid fuel
- > Hydraulic







Power Tools – Precautions

- Disconnect tools when not in use, before servicing and cleaning, and when changing accessories
- Keep people not involved with the work away from the work
- Secure work with clamps or a vise, freeing both hands to operate the tool
- Don't hold the switch button while carrying a plugged-in tool
- Keep tools sharp and clean
- Remove damaged electric tools & tag them: "Do Not Use"



Wrong practice







Reporting Accidents/Injuries



- First priority is to receive prompt medical attention (call 112)
- Report all work-related accidents, injuries or illnesses to your supervisor
 - Regardless of severity
- Paperwork to be filled out according to the local legislation, e.g.
 - Report to the appropriate authorities
 - Keep Records
 - Prepare and submit an Incident Report



BIBLIOGRAPHY



 Hand & Power Tool Safety, Osha Office of Training & Education

 Hand & Power Tools Toolbox Talk, Harvard Campus Services EHSE Management





ANY QUESTIONS?

THANKS FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION!!!

